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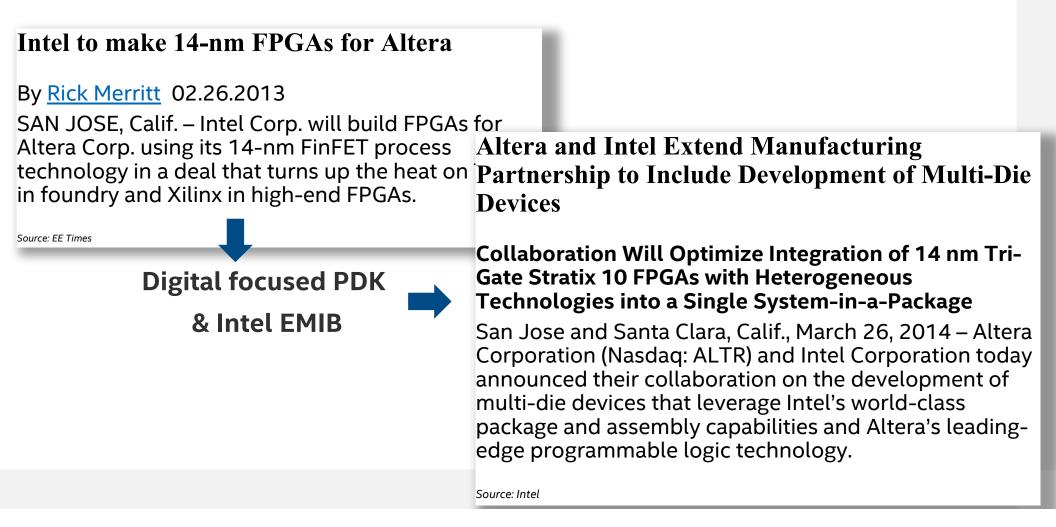
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Overview

- 2013-2020: Chiplets on the Rise
- State-of-the-art Heterogeneous Integrated Packaging (SHIP) Project & Second Generation Chiplet Concepts
- Conclusion

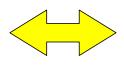
Chiplets on the Rise: Early Days and the Mother of Invention

Chiplets on the Rise: Early Days



Intel[®] Arria 10[®] Legacy

 Arria 10 on TSMC 20nm, the generation preceding Intel[®] Stratix 10[®] on Intel 14nm



= Thousands of wires between Core & Transceiver Columns:

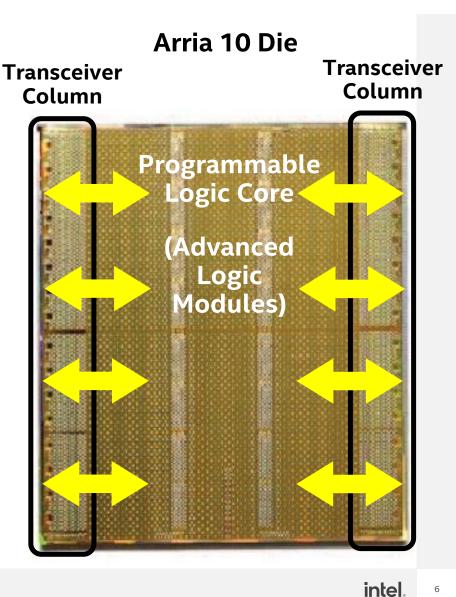
Data Tx, Rx

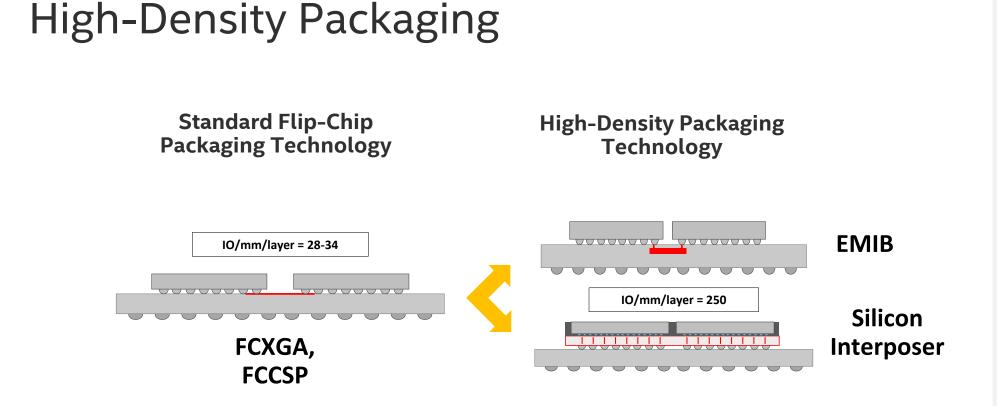
Clocks

Configuration

Control

Arria 10 die image source: IEEE CICC, "Arria 10 Device Architecture," Tyhach et al





High-density packaging technology provides 7-8x IO density increase

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Early Days and the Mother of Invention Takeaways

- Advanced packaging technology enabled new thinking about SoC microarchitecture
 - Die disaggregation
 - Heterogeneous integration
 - Die-to-die interface with high bandwidth and low latency gives near-monolithic performance

Chiplets on the Rise: DARPA CHIPS and Standardization

DARPA

What is CHIPS?

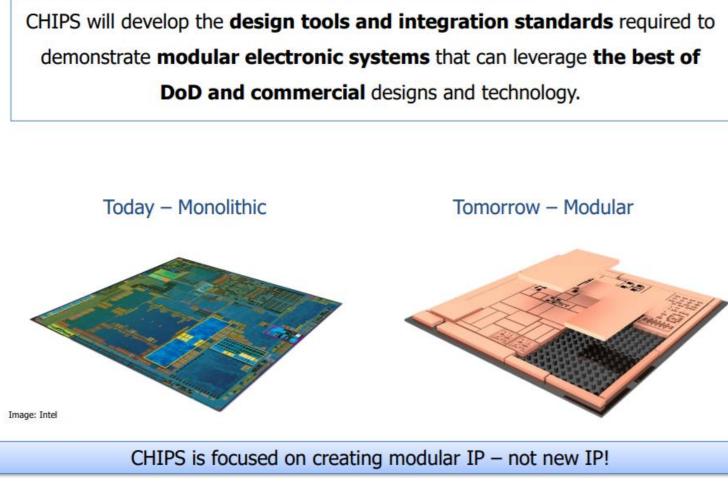
Common Heterogeneous Integration and IP Reuse Strategies

"In CHIPS, we're working with Intel on some of their integration strategies ... so that you can do

that you can do that composable design."

DARPA's ERI director <u>Bill</u> <u>Chappell</u>

Source: IEEE Spectrum 7/2018



Distribution Statement "A" (Approved for Public Release, Distribution Unlimited)

Chiplet Technology: AIB Interface

- AIB: CHIPS Alliance standard and Industry de facto die-todie standard
- From Intel/DARPA roots to a central technology of the State-of-the-art Heterogeneous Integrated Packaging (SHIP) project

Device with AIB	Process	Status
Intel® Stratix® 10 FPGA	Intel 14	Production
L-tile 17G SERDES	TSMC 20	Production
H-tile 28G SERDES	TSMC 20	Production
E-tile 56G SERDES	TSMC 16	Production
Intel® Agilex™ FPGA	Intel 10	Sampling
P-tile PCIe Gen4/UPI	TSMC 16	Production
University offload ASIC	TSMC 16	Powered up
Jariet ADC/DAC	GF 14	Powered up
Ayar Labs Photonics I	GF 45RFSOI	Powered up
University & IP Test Chip (University, Blue Cheetah*)	Intel 22	Powered up
Intel® High Performance Computing	TSMC x	In progress
Customer I	Intel 22	In progress
Ayar Labs Photonics II	GF x	In progress
Ayar Labs Photonics III	GF x	In progress
Customer II	Intel 22	In progress
Customer III	Intel 22	In progress
R-tile PCIe Gen5/CXL	Intel x	In progress
F-tile 116G SERDES	Intel x	In progress
Commercial	TSMC x	In progress
University	Intel 22	In progress
Intel® next generation FPGA and eASIC™ devices	Intel x	In progress

* Settaluri, K., Kehlet D., "Automated Mixed-Signal PHY Generation of the AIB Die-to-Die Interface," Design Automation Conference (DAC) 2020, Chiplet Integration Tutorial, July 2020

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DARPA CHIPS and Standardization Takeaway

- Government stepped in when industry could not make a standard on its own
- Chiplet architecture allowed us to add powerful new capability to an existing SoC, ahead of cycle for the next generation

State of the art Heterogeneous Integrated Packaging (SHIP) Project & Second Generation Chiplet Concepts

Chiplet Design Technologies

- First Generation Chiplet Accomplishments
 - Chiplets are extending Moore's Law
 - Chiplets are commercially viable from multiple silicon suppliers
 - Standardization with the AIB interface is enabling an emerging ecosystem
- Starting on Second Generation Chiplets
 - Scale up to die-to-die bandwidth requirements of new wireless and optical systems with AIB 2.0
 - Flow down SoC concepts like security to chiplets
 - Provide a more complete framework of hardware for chiplet developers



"It may prove to be more economical to build large systems out of smaller functions, which are separately packaged and interconnected¹."

Gordon E. Moore

1: 3rd Page of Moore's 1965 paper, "Cramming more components onto integrated circuits"



SHIP

intel newsroom Octobe

October 2, 2020

What's New: The U.S. Department of Defense has awarded Intel Federal LLC the second phase of its State-of-the-Art Heterogeneous Integration Prototype (SHIP) program. The SHIP program enables the U.S. government to access Intel's state-of-the-art semiconductor packaging capabilities.

- SHIP is about packaging and manufacturing, right?
- Also about chiplet interface standards, protocols and security!



David Kehlet Research Scientist at Intel Corporation 1w • 🕲

Intel Wins US Government Advanced Packaging Project https://Inkd.in/eeDeeNu The program will accelerate advancement of interface standards, protocols and

security for heterogeneous systems. #iamintel



Intel Wins US Government Advanced Packaging Project newsroom.intel.com • 3 min read

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Reactions



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Chiplet Design Technologies

- Ecosystem development to enable partners to develop and use chiplets
 - Chiplet interface standards
 - Protocols for chiplet communications
 - Security on a chiplet scale
- Builds on Intel's chiplet ecosystem development and heterogeneous integration experience

Applications Need More Bandwidth

Case	Tx+Rx Gigabits per Second	
AIB 1.0 on Stratix 10 FPGA (24 channels of 20Tx, 20Rx)	1920	
Jariet Baldwin ADC/DAC (4 channels) [1]	5120	
Ayar Labs TeraPHY (10 TX/RX macros) [2]	5120	



Image: Ayar Labs, Inc.

 Advanced Interface Bus (AIB) 2.0 is being developed to meet the demands of high performance applications

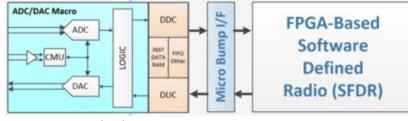


Image: Jariet Technologies, Inc.

[1] Hornbuckle, C., "Ultra-High Speed Direct RF Sampling ADCs and DACs for Heterogeneous 2.5D Integration," ERI, DARPA Microsystems Technology Office, July 2018

[2] Wade, Mark, et al., "TeraPHY: A Chiplet Technology for LowPower, High-Bandwidth In-Package Optical I/O", IEEE Micro, March/April 2020

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Chiplet Design Technologies

- New Chiplet Interface Standard Version
 - AIB 2.0 for advanced packaging
- Externally facing standards
 - See <u>https://github.com/chipsalliance/AIB-</u> <u>specification</u>
- Continues to support an unmatched portfolio of chiplets!

• CHIPS • CHIPS	(intel)
Advanced Interface Bus (AIB Specification)
Revision 2.0DRAFT3	
Chiplet AIB	
Interface Standard	
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Intel and CHIPS Alliance



- Standard setting organization home of the AIB specification
- The CHIPS Alliance AIB specification and CHIPS Alliance AIB hardware open source project align with the CHIPS Alliance objectives¹:

"The mission of the CHIPS Alliance is to develop high-quality, open source hardware designs relevant to silicon devices and FPGAs."

"By creating an open and collaborative environment, CHIPS Alliance shares resources to lower the cost of development."



AIB 2.0: A Second Generation Die-to-Die Interconnect

https://github.com/chipsalliance/AIB-specification

Enabling an Ecosystem

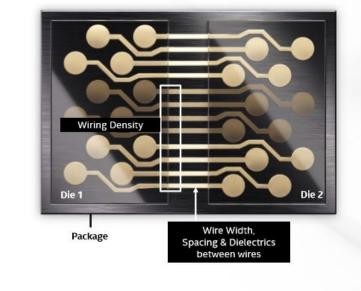
High density die-to-die interconnects

TECHNOLOGY

PILLARS

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At 4Gbps/wire, 7.68Tbps (Rx+Tx) bandwidth per interface



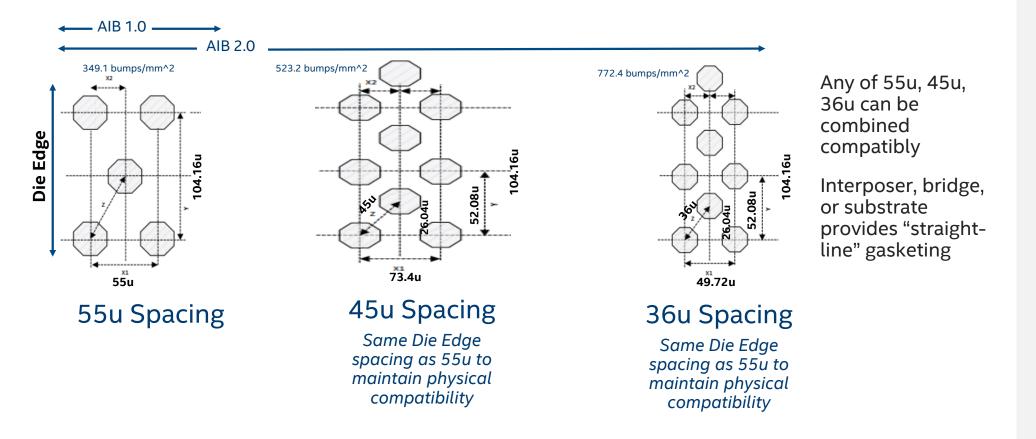
Feature	AIB 1.0	AIB 2.0
Bandwidth/wire (Gbps)	2	Up to 6.4
Bump density (um)	55	55/45/36
Bandwidth/mm shoreline (Gbps/mm)	256	1638
O Voltage (V)	0.90	0.90/0.40
Energy/bit (pJ/bit)	0.85	0.50
Backward Compatibility	n/a	1.0

AIB Generator available at: github.com/chipsalliance

Architecture Day 2020

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Chiplet Technology: Fine Pitch Microbumps

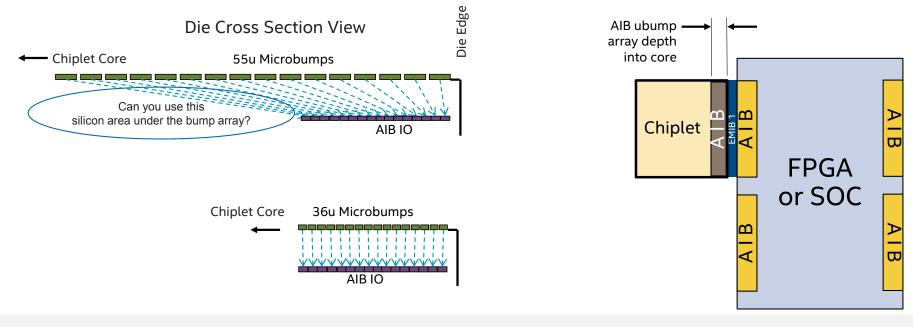


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Chiplet Technology: Reducing Interface Area

 Smaller bump pitch → smaller bump array depth into core → less Si area needed for AIB

Microbump Pitch	AIB ubump array depth into core	
55u	1.27mm	
45u	45u 0.881mm	
36u	0.596mm	



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Chiplet Protocols for Two Broad Use Cases

Package Level Integration

- Commonly attached to CPU
- Currently PCIe boards
- Developers want a coherent memory model
- Example: CXL

SoC Die Disaggregation

- Currently on die module-to-module
- ASIC developers like their AXI-style existing lightweight protocols
- Examples: AXI Streaming, AXI4 (Memory Mapped)

Protocols for Package Level integration and SoC Disaggregation Use Cases



Package Level Integration

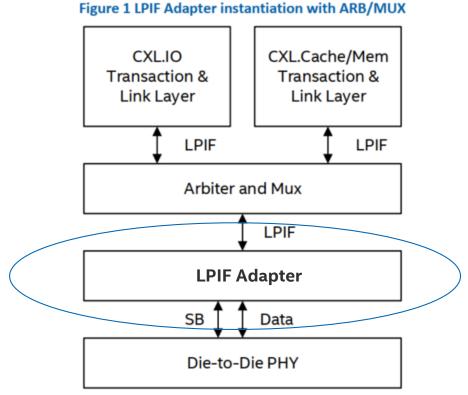
SOC Disaggregation





Package Level Integration Protocols

- Package level integration protocols: PCIe, CXL
 - Create LPIF AIB PHY adapter to support Compute Express Link (CXL for shared and distributed memory) and PCI Express controllers
 - CXL and PCIe controllers can be stacked on top of LPIF

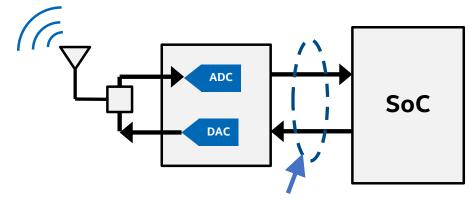


LPIF: Logical PHY Interface

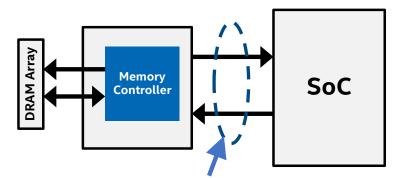
"LPIF Adapter for Die-to-Die Interconnect," Revision 0.5, Intel Corporation, 2020, <u>https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/io/pci-express/lpif-adapter-die-to-die-interconnect.html</u>

intel.²⁴

SoC Die Disaggregation Protocols



- Ideal protocol characteristics:
 - Looks like AXI Stream to the SoC
 - Transfer rate linked to the sample rate (common clock reference)
 - Data arrives every clock
 - Low latency
 - Simple convention on sample packing



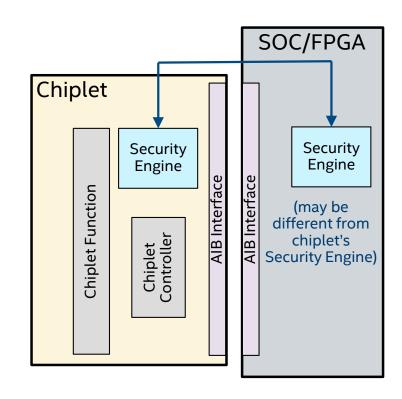
- Ideal protocol characteristics:
 - Looks like AXI-4 (Read/Write) to the SoC
 - Efficiently transports my SoC's reads & writes
 - Low latency
 - Memory clock asynchronous to the transfer clock

Chiplet Design Technologies

Chiplet Security IP

- ECDSA, SHA & AES-256 algorithms in a chiplet framework
- Counters threat models of Firmware IP theft, Unauthorized firmware, Counterfeit or malicious chiplets
- Chiplet scale: 1mm^2 or less area, fuses for keys, scan/JTAG disable (no PUF)

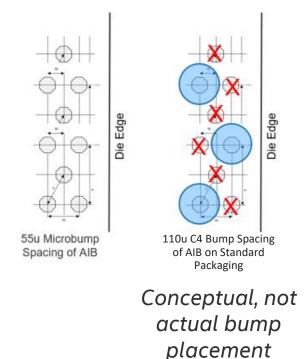
Chiplet Security brings SoC security concepts to chiplet scale



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Concept for Lower Cost

- AIB on standard packaging
- 10Tx+10Rx per channel, vs. AIB 2.0 40Tx+40Rx
 - AIB 2.0 interface: 7.68Tbps
 - AIB on standard packaging: 1.92Tbps
 - 3 layers std vs. 2 layer EMIB, at ¼ bandwidth: advanced packaging wire density advantage reduced to 6x
- Cost vs. bandwidth tradeoff is better for some applications
 - < 1Tbps (today)
 - Cost pressure on wireless



Conclusion: Chiplet Technology for an Emerging Ecosystem

- Chiplet idea is very popular, but chiplets are a lot of work to build!
 - AIB die-to-die interface standard and IP are helping
 - Protocol and utility IP will reduce chiplet effort
- Cost of advanced packaging is driving alternatives
- Investment in chiplet design technologies gives us muscle to continue chiplet leadership

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